Life in Nazi Germany 1933-9
Workers and work

**TASK 1:** ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS IN FULL SENTENCES.

1. How many Germans were unemployed when Hitler came to power?
2. What did ‘RAD’ stand for?
3. What were the advantages and disadvantages of being in the RAD? [Name two advantages and two disadvantages]
4. Why was the RAD so important to Hitler? [Think about his election promises]
5. Look at source B. In your opinion, how successful was Hitler’s policy on unemployment?
6. Using source B, construct a table showing unemployment in Nazi Germany from 1933 to 1939.
7. Is there anything to question the unemployment figures? Explain your ideas.
8. Why did rearmament affect unemployment?
9. Why do you think Hitler wanted to make Germany ‘self-sufficient’?
10. How did Hitler’s desire to make Germany ‘self-sufficient’ help unemployment?
11. What is a trade union?
12. What did Dr Ley promise workers when the trade unions were abolished?
13. Did Dr. Ley keep his promise? Explain using your own words.
14. Why did workers not complain about working conditions? [Give two reasons]

**TASK 2:** COPY AND COMPLETE THE DIAGRAM BELOW

**Measures Hitler took to reduce unemployment**

- Began rearmament - this meant that...
- Introduced the RAD - this...
- Wasn’t entirely honest about the figures. As the Nazis didn’t count Jews and women...
- Changed workers rights - stopping wage bargaining, strikes and removing restrictions on...
- Forced Jews and women from their jobs. This meant that there were...